

- RADIAFLEX® functions as a distributed antenna to provide communications in tunnels, mines and large building complexes and is the solution for any application in confined areas.
- Slots in the copper outer conductor allow a controlled portion of the internal RF energy to be radiated into the surrounding environment. Conversely, a signal transmitted near the cable will couple into the slots and be carried along the cable length.
- RADIAFLEX® is used for both one-way and two-way communication systems and because of its broadband capability, a single radiating cable can handle multiple communication systems simultaneously.
- This RADIAFLEX® radiating cable utilize a low-loss cellular polyethylene foam dielectric and a smooth copper outer conductor which offers a superior electrical performance together with good bending properties.

## FEATURES / BENEFITS

- Wideband from 30 MHz to 980 MHz
- For applications in tunnels and buildings
- Low coupling loss variations

## **Technical features**

## **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Size		1/2				
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS						
Max. Operating Frequency	MHz	980				
Cable Type		RLK				
Impedance	Ohm	50 +/- 2				
Velocity, percent	%	87				
Capacitance	pF/m (pF/ft)	75 (22.9)				
Inductance, uH/m (uH/ft)	μH/m (μH/ft)	0.188 (0.057)				
DC-resistance inner conductor, ohm/km (ohm/1000ft)	Ω/km (Ω/1000ft)	1.97 (0.6)				
DC-resistance outer conductor, ohm/km (ohm/1000ft)	Ω/km (Ω/1000ft)	4.84 (1.48)				
Stop bands	MHz	300-375, 675-685				
Frequency Selection	MHz	600, 900				

REV DATE : 22 Apr 2021



RLK12-50JFNA



.K12-50JFNA		REV : P2	REV DATE : 22 Apr 2021	www.rfsworld	
External Document Links			Notes • Coupling loss as well as longitudir cables are measured by the free s		
960	10,51(3,20)		57(60)	62(65)	
900	9,41 (2,87)		57(60)	62(65)	
70	9,07 (2,76)		56(59)	61(64)	
00	8,50 (2,59)		55(58)	59(62)	
00	6,20 (1,89)		52(55)	56(59)	
70	6,01 (1,83)		52(55)	56(59)	
50	5,88 (1,79)		52(55)	56(59)	
00	5,59 (1,70)		53(55)	57(59)	
50	3,11 (0,95)		54(58)	66(69)	
requency, MHz 5	ft) 2,17 (0,66)		Coupling Loss 50%, dB 46(50)	Coupling Loss 95%, dB 58(60)	
	-	oss, dB/100 m (dB/100	Coupling Loss E0% dB	Coupling Loss 0504 dB	
Operation Temperature	°C(°F)		-40 to 85 (-40 to 185 )		
Installation Temperature	°C(°F)		-25 to 60 (-13 to 140 )		
Storage Temperature	°C(°F)		-70 to 85 (-94 to 185 )		
EMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS					
acket Testing Methods	IEC 60		Iest methods for fire behaviour of cable : 0754-1/-2 smoke emission: halogen free, non corrosive IEC 61034 low smoke IEC 60332-1 flame retardant IEC 60332-3-24 fire retardant UL1666, ASTM E 662, NES711 and NES713		
			Test methods for fire behaviour	of cable :	
ESTING AND ENVIRONMENTAL			00 (0.10)		
Vinimum Distance to Wall	mm (in)		80 (3.15)		
Recommended / Maximum Clamp Spacing	m (ft)				
Indication of Slot Alignment		Bulge atop slots			
Tensile Force	N (lb)	1300 (292)			
Cable Weight	kg/m (lb/ft)	0.23 (0.16)			
Minimum Bending Radius, Single Bend	mm (in)	200 (7.9)			
Diameter over Jacket Nominal	mm (in)	14.7 (0.58)			
Diameter Outer Conductor	mm (in)	11.4 (0.45)			
Diameter Inner Conductor	mm (in)	nm (in) 4.4 (0.17)			
Outer Conductor Material	Overlapping Copper Strip				
nner Conductor Material	Copper Clad Aluminum Wire				
Slot Design		Groups of vertical slots at short intervals			
acket Description		Halogen free, non corrosive, flame and fire retardant, low smoke, polyolefin			
acket			JFN		



- 61196-4.
- Coupling loss values are measured with a radial (below 470 MHz) or parallel (above 470 MHz) orientated dipole antenna.
- The coupling loss values given in brackets are average values of all three spatial orientations (radial, parallel and orthogonal) of dipole antenna.
- Coupling loss values are given with a tolerance of +10 dB and longitudinal loss values with a tolerance of +5%. Note: Measured values below nominal are better. They are not limited by any tolerance-range.
- In case of a conflict of operational and stop band, please contact RFS for further assistance.
- As with any radiating cable, the performance in building or tunnel environments may deviate from figures based on free space method.;